1	н. в. 2471
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3 4 5	(By Mr. Speaker (Mr. Thompson) and Delegates Boggs, Swartzmiller, Miley, Young, Sponaugle and Barrett)
6	[Introduced February 15, 2013; referred to the
7	Committee on the Judiciary.]
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10	A BILL to amend and reenact $\$15-5-6$ and $\$15-5-19a$ of the Code of
11	West Virginia, 1931, as amended, all relating to homeland
12	security and emergency management; emergency powers of
13	Governor; possession of firearms during a declared state of
14	emergency; prohibiting the restriction or otherwise lawful
15	possession, use, carrying, transfer, transportation, storage
16	or display of a firearm or ammunition during a declared state
17	of emergency; and providing a remedy at law and equity for a
18	violation of a person's rights, including award of costs and
19	attorney fees for a prevailing plaintiff.
20	Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:
21	That $$15-5-6$$ and $$15-5-19a$ of the Code of West Virginia, 1931,
22	as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:
23	ARTICLE 5. DIVISION OF HOMELAND SECURITY AND EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT.
24	§15-5-6. Emergency powers of Governor.
25	The provisions of this section shall be operative only during

- 1 the existence of a state of emergency. The existence of a state of
  2 emergency may be proclaimed by the Governor or by concurrent
  3 resolution of the Legislature if the Governor in such proclamation,
  4 or the Legislature in such resolution, finds that an attack upon
  5 the United States has occurred or is anticipated in the immediate
  6 future, or that a natural or man-made disaster of major proportions
  7 has actually occurred or is imminent within the state, and that the
  8 safety and welfare of the inhabitants of this state require an
  9 invocation of the provisions of this section. Any such emergency,
  10 whether proclaimed by the Governor or by the Legislature, shall
  11 terminate upon the proclamation of the termination thereof by the
  12 Governor, or the passage by the Legislature of a concurrent
  13 resolution terminating such emergency.
- So long as such state of emergency exists, the Governor shall 15 have and may exercise the following additional emergency powers:
- 16 (a) To enforce all laws <u>and</u> rules <del>and regulations</del> relating to
  17 the provision of emergency services and to assume direct
  18 operational control of any or all emergency service forces and
  19 helpers in the state;
- 20 (b) To sell, lend, lease, give, transfer or deliver materials
  21 or perform functions relating to emergency services on such terms
  22 and conditions as he or she shall prescribe and without regard to
  23 the limitations of any existing law and to account to the State
  24 Treasurer for any funds received for such property;

2 by purchase, condemnation under the provisions of chapter fifty3 four of this code or seizure pending institution of condemnation
4 proceedings within thirty days from the seizing thereof and to
5 construct, lease, transport, store, maintain, renovate or
6 distribute such materials and facilities. Compensation for

7 property so procured shall be made in the manner provided in

8 chapter fifty-four of this code;

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(c) To procure materials and facilities for emergency services

- 9 (d) To obtain the services of necessary personnel, required 10 during the emergency, and to compensate them for their services 11 from his or her contingent funds or such other funds as may be 12 available to him or her;
- 13 (e) To provide and compel the evacuation of all or part of the 14 population from any stricken or threatened area within the state 15 and to take such steps as are necessary for the receipt and care of 16 such evacuees;
- (f) To control ingress and egress to and from a disaster area,

  18 the movement of persons within the area and the occupancy of

  19 premises therein;
- 20 (g) To suspend the provisions of any regulatory statute 21 prescribing the procedures for conduct of state business or the 22 orders, rules or regulations of any state agency, if strict 23 compliance therewith would in any way prevent, hinder or delay 24 necessary action in coping with the emergency;

- 1 (h) To utilize such available resources of the state and of 2 its political subdivisions as are reasonably necessary to cope with
- 3 the emergency;
- 4 (i) To suspend or limit the sale, dispensing or transportation
- 5 of alcoholic beverages, firearms, explosives and combustibles;
- 6 (j) To make provision for the availability and use of 7 temporary emergency housing; and
- 8 (k) To perform and exercise such other functions, powers and
- 9 duties as are necessary to promote and secure the safety and
- 10 protection of the civilian population.
- 11 No powers granted under this section may be interpreted to
- 12 authorize. the seizure or confiscation of a firearm from a person
- 13 unless that firearm is unlawfully possessed or unlawfully carried
- 14 by the person, or the person is otherwise engaged in a criminal act
- 15 any action that would violate the prohibitions of section nineteen-
- 16 a of this article.
- 17 §15-5-19a. Possession of firearms during a declared state of
- emergency.
- 19 No powers granted under this article to state or local
- 20 authorities may be interpreted to authorize the seizure or
- 21 confiscation of a firearm from a person during a declared state of
- 22 emergency unless that firearm is unlawfully possessed or unlawfully
- 23 carried by the person, or the person is otherwise engaged in a
- 24 <del>criminal act.</del>

- 1 (a) No person acting on behalf or under the authority of the
- 2 state or a political subdivision of the state may do any of the
- 3 following during a declared state of emergency:
- 4 (1) Prohibit or restrict the otherwise lawful possession,
- 5 use, carrying, transfer, transportation, storage or display of a
- 6 firearm or ammunition;
- 7 (2) Seize, confiscate, or authorize the seizure or
- 8 confiscation of any otherwise lawfully-possessed firearm or
- 9 ammunition unless the person acting on behalf of, or under the
- 10 authority of the state, is defending himself or another from an
- 11 assault, arresting a person in actual possession of a firearm or
- 12 ammunition for a violation of law, or unless the firearm or
- 13 ammunition is being seized or confiscated as evidence of a crime;
- 14 or;
- 15 (3) Require registration of any firearm or ammunition.
- 16 (b) The prohibitions of subsection (a)(1) as they relate to
- 17 transfer do not apply to the commercial sale of firearms or
- 18 ammunition if an authorized authority has ordered an evacuation or
- 19 general closure of businesses in the affected area.
- 20 (c) Any individual aggrieved by a violation of this section
- 21 may seek relief in an action at law or in equity for redress
- 22 against any person who subjects such individual, or causes such
- 23 individual to be subjected, to an action prohibited by this
- 24 section.

- 1 (d) In addition to any other remedy at law or in equity, an
- 2 individual aggrieved by the seizure or confiscation of a firearm or
- 3 ammunition in violation of this section may bring an action for the
- 4 return of such firearm or ammunition in the circuit court of the
- 5 county in which that individual resides or in which such firearm or
- 6 ammunition is located.
- 7 (e) In any action or proceeding to enforce this section, the
- 8 court shall award a prevailing plaintiff costs and reasonable
- 9 attorney fees.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to prohibit the restriction or otherwise lawful possession, use, carrying, transfer, transportation, storage or display of a firearm or ammunition during a declared state of emergency under the emergency powers of Governor or by any political subdivision of the state during a declared state of emergency. The bill also provides a remedy at law and equity for a violation of a person's rights, including award of costs and attorney fees for a prevailing plaintiff.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.